

Science and Policy Advisory Panel (SPAP) meeting, October 23-24, 2013 – Key recommendations

Program areas	Key recommendations
Flagship 1 (Foresight modeling)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Link with CGE models to analyze the impact of scenarios on poverty and hunger at the regional and country level • Provide feedback regarding the unreliability of certain data to the agencies which provide the data • Include “real world” data on incomes in the modeling
Flagship 2 (Science policy and incentives for innovation)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assist the Program for Biosafety Systems team in establishing linkages with other CGIAR centers
Flagship 3 (Sustainable intensification and adoption of technology)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Contribute to assessing the state of the world’s agricultural resources, and to producing a systematic comparative statement on the different types of agriculture • Provide evidence on how to adapt the extension programs to the different categories of farmers
Flagship 4 (Policy and public expenditure)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increase the focus on non-agricultural policies and rural transformation
Flagship 6 (Social protection)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Expand this stream of work to pay more attention to urban areas, but keep the focus on social protection
Gender	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Address empowerment as well as equality
Partnerships	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increase collaboration between PIM and CGIAR partners, and showcase PIM’s work to make it attractive to all CGIAR centers • Partner with local organizations from the start of a project and build their capacity, allowing these organizations to follow up with the government regarding implementation • Align PIM’s research with the programs of a small number of key partners across flagships • Build on the links between research institutes and governments in order to enhance the uptake of research into policy • Strengthen partnerships with universities in developing tools • Identify champions early • Explore greater collaboration with the Global Donor Platform for Rural Development • Establish communication with the Committee on World Food Security (CFS) and offer presentation of PIM’s findings • Explore training for journalists

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enhance capacity building using web-based trainings
Monitoring and evaluation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Showcase impact stories (ex: European biofuel policy, biosafety regulations, Child Support Grant in South Africa...) • Suggest to the evaluators of PIM to interact with PIM's key partners
Other cross-cutting topics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do analytical work related to increasing agricultural opportunities for the youth • Increase attention to marginal groups and areas • Increase attention to the political economy of the policymaking process • More explicitly highlight policies, institutions and markets separately and distinctly from each other