

Sustainability of water resources in Agriculture

Discussion points on paper: Modelling Steady-state Irrigation Production

A. Jalloh

Manager, Natural Resources Management Programme

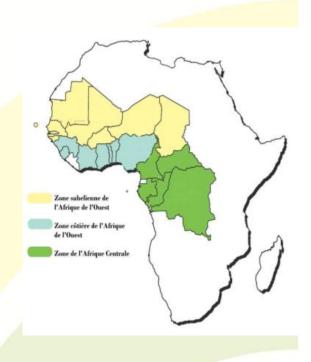
CORAF/WECARD

Dakar, SESEGAL



Overview of CORAF/WECARD





Promote subregional cooperation Advocate for financial investments

Solve common agricultural research and development problems



Contribute to the transformation of agriculture in West and Central Africa



Key points of the paper

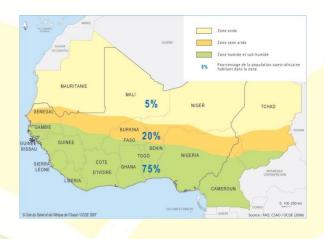
- It is our view that the question of sustainability rests on whether an equilibrium steady-state natural resource use and economic feasibility exists.
- Sustainable irrigation systems can only be achieved by substituting rotational fertility and pest controls for some of the current level of applied chemical technology.
- Encourage future research on what the process of achieving sustainable irrigated agriculture involves, and may show what technological shifts would be needed to achieve sustainability in both water quantity and quality while maintaining viable economic production.

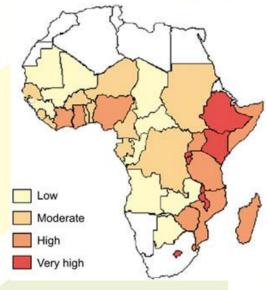




Sustainability - Implication for West Africa

Population in 2010 was about 290 million and its growth projected to increase by nearly 50 percent in 2050,





Over the last twenty area under cultivation in West Africa increased by 229%

The West Africa region imports about 40 % of its rice supply

Sustainable
intensification will
take place under
conditions of
increasing
resource scarcity
and climate
change.







The issues of sustainability

- Value systems and scale
- Current socio economic circumstances
 - Rotation
 - Mixed cropping
 - Current fertilization and irrigation levels
 - Shifting cultivation











Africa's carbon foot print



While Africa accounts for only 4 percent of global carbon dioxide emission, more than 60 percent of the regions emissions are due to deforestation and land degradation.



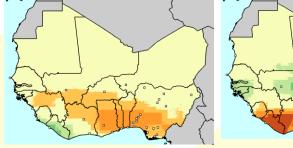






Issues for consideration

Climate change





More appropriate technologies for efficient resources use

Accounting for negative environmental externalities of practices

Accounting for environmental services to benefit farmers



Social considerations particularly gender





THANK YOU - MERCI



